

# Guess Who's Texting You?

Evaluating the Security of Smartphone Messaging Applications

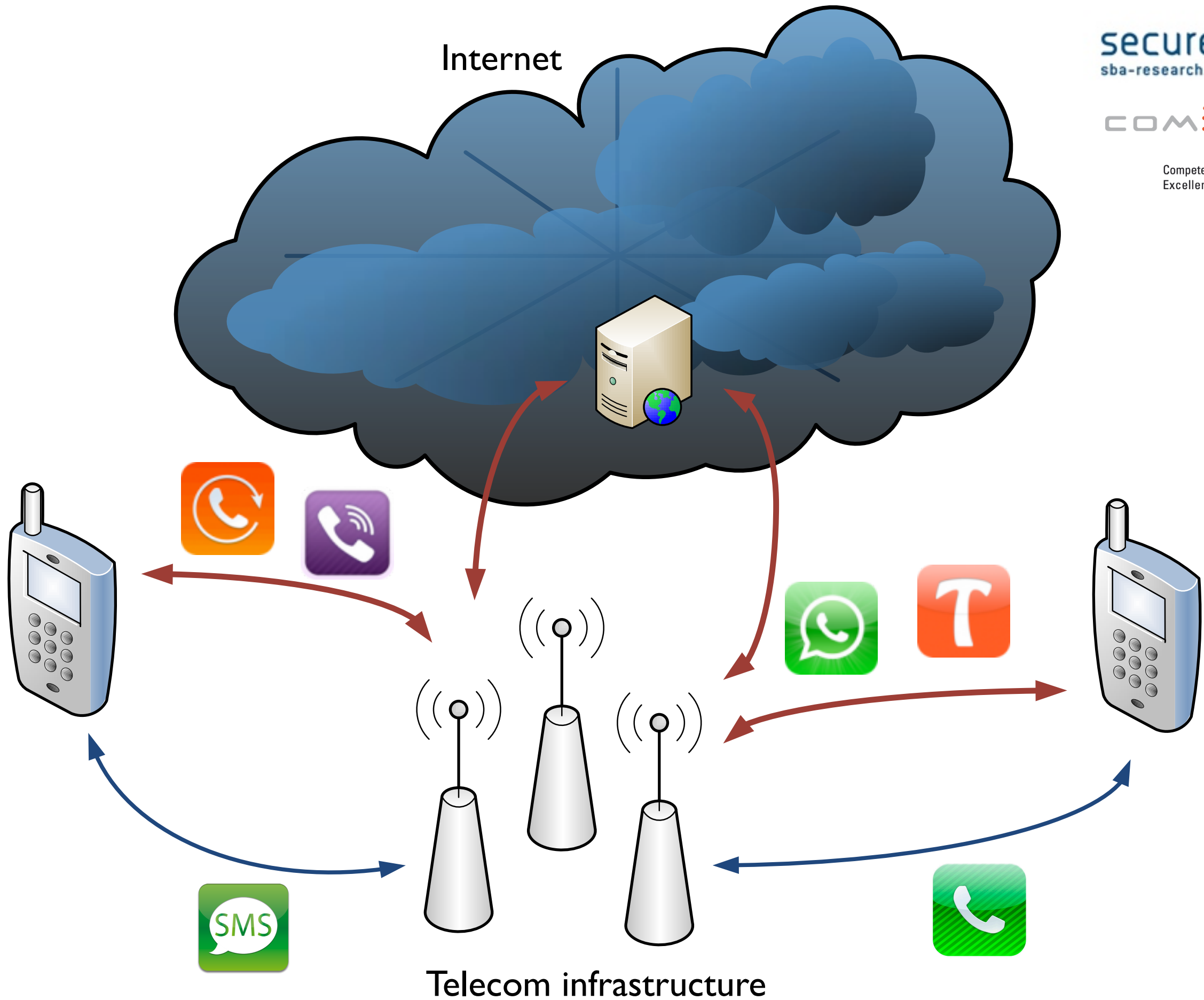
Sebastian Schrittwieser

10.05.2012

# Smartphone Messaging



- Aim at replacing traditional text messaging (SMS) and GSM/CDMA/3G calls
- Free phone calls and text messages over the Internet
- Novel authentication concept
- Phone number used as single authenticating identifier



# Motivation

	SMS	Messaging Apps
Protocol	proprietary	HTTP(S), XMPP
Security	cryptographically sound authentication (SIM card)	application depended, much weaker authentication (phone number, IMEI, UDID)
Users' perception	SMS	

# Evaluation

Authentication Mechanism and Account Hijacking

Sender ID Spoofing / Message Manipulation

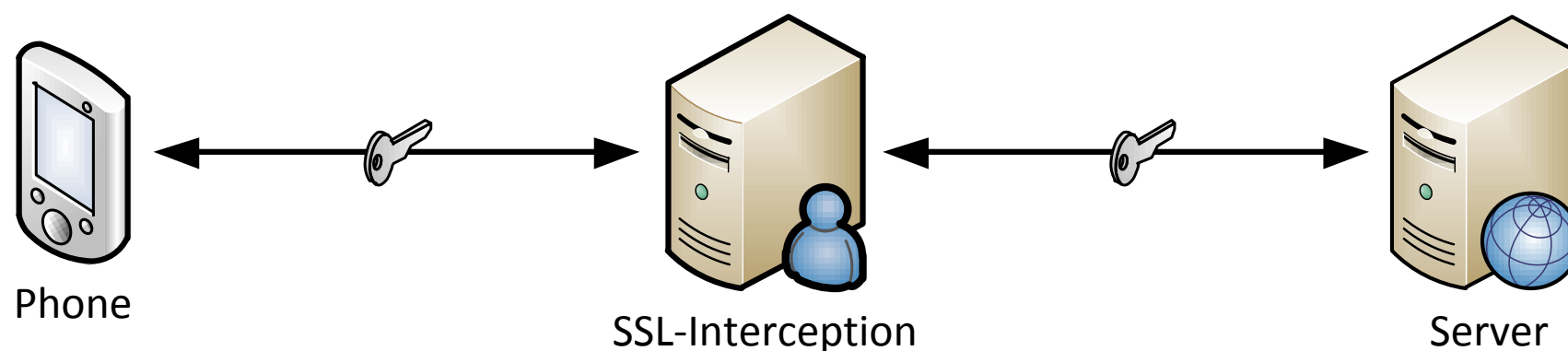
Unrequested SMS / phone calls

User Enumeration

Modifying Status Messages

# Experimental Setup

- Samsung Nexus S running Android 2.3.3 and Apple iPhone 4 running iOS 4.3.3
- SSL proxy to read encrypted HTTPS traffic



- Used to understand the protocol, not for the actual attack (i.e., MITM between victim and server)!

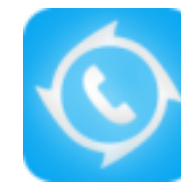




WhatsApp



eBuddy XMS



WowTalk



Viber



HeyTell



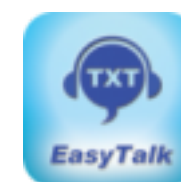
Forfone



Voypi



Tango



EasyTalk

# WhatsApp



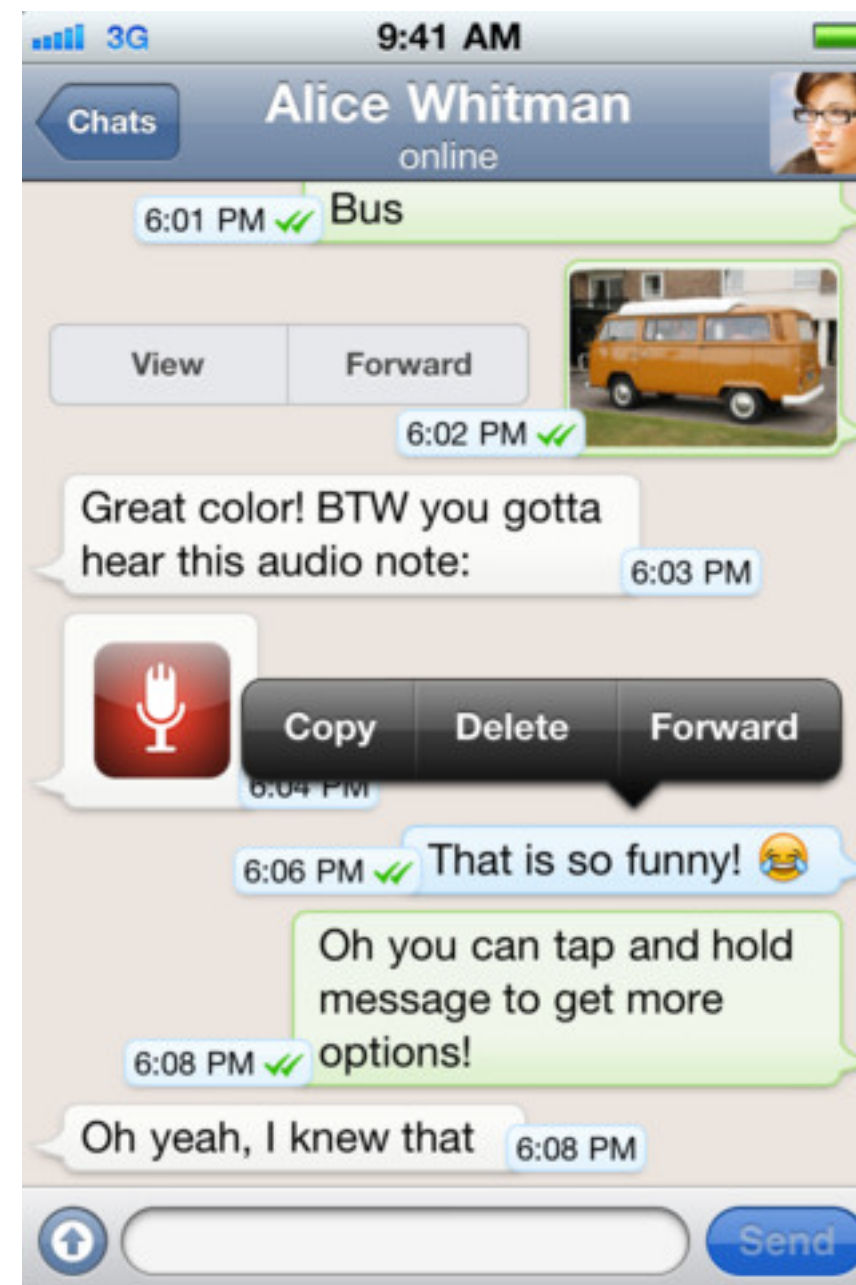
Paper:

Guess who's texting you? Evaluating the Security of Smartphone Messaging Applications  
Schrittwieser, S., Frühwirt, P., Kieseberg, P., Leithner, M., Mulazzani, M., Huber, M., Weippl, E.,  
NDSS 2012

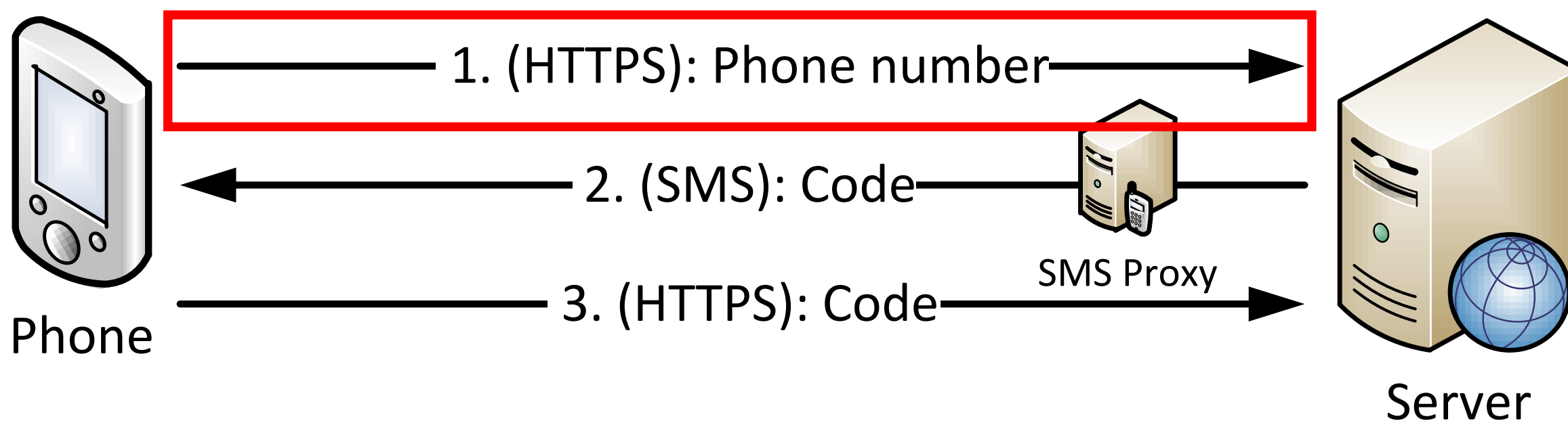


# WhatsApp

- Instant Messaging
- Status messages
- 23+ million users worldwide (estimation)
- > 1 billion messages per day
- Clients available for Android, iOS, Symbian and Blackberry



# Authentication in WhatsApp





Structure Sequence

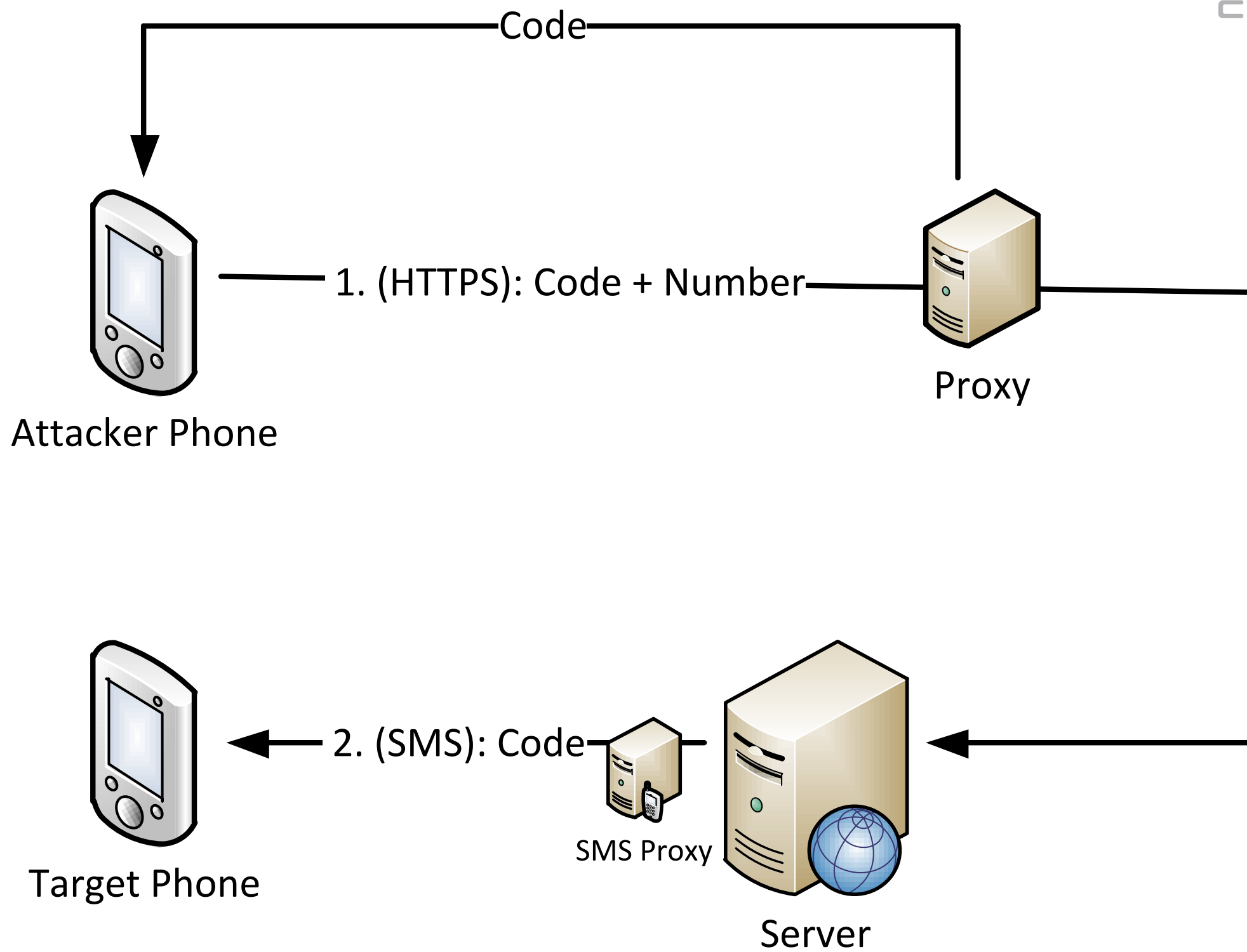
Overview Request Response Summary Chart Notes

- ▶ http://crt.tcs.terena.org
- ▼ https://s.whatsapp.net
  - client/
    - iphone/
      - smsproxy.php?to=
      - d.php?num=4369
      - smsproxv.php?to=

```
to 43699
auth 716
in 69
code 43
udid
```

```
to 43699
auth 716
in 69
code 43
udid
```

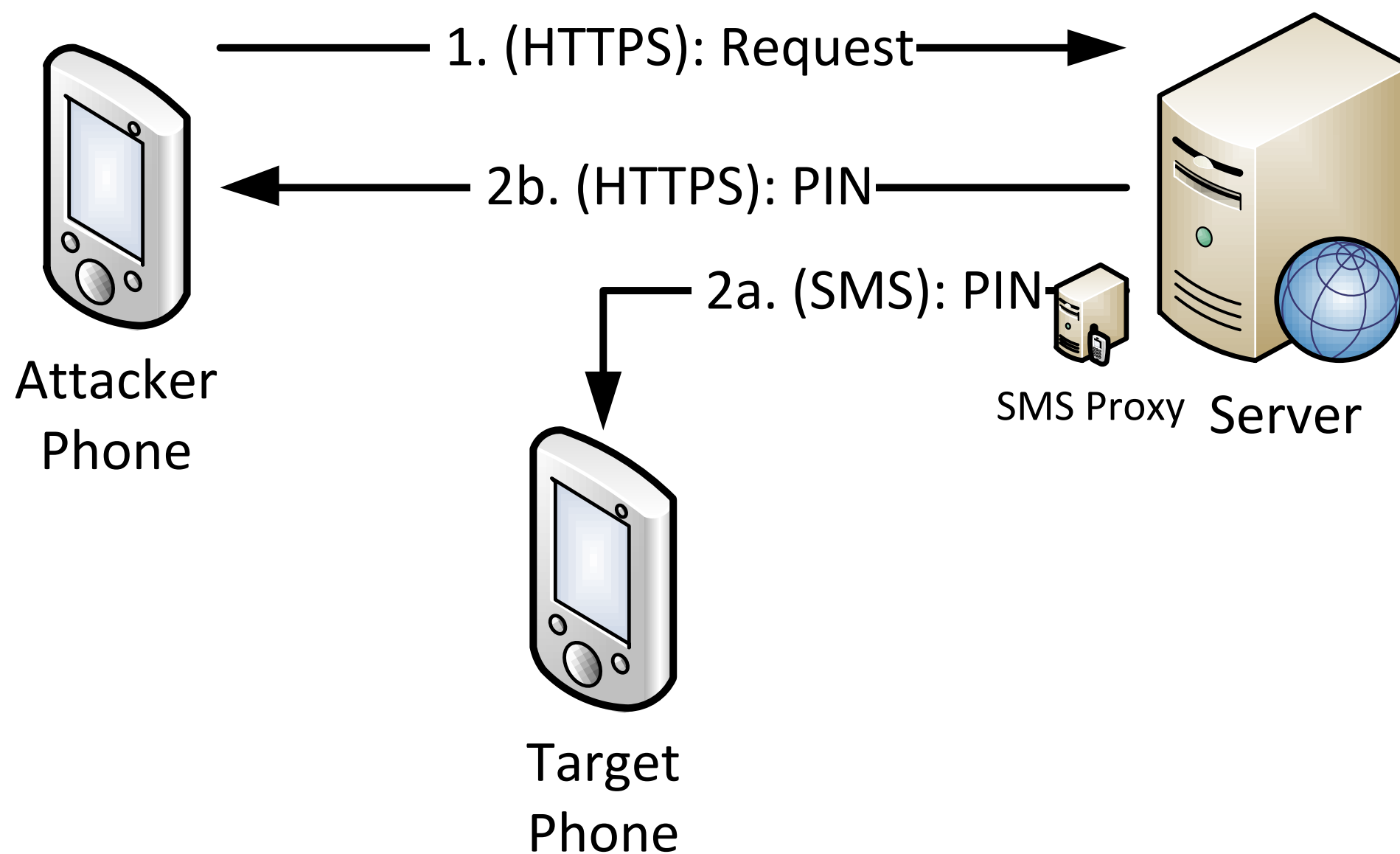
Headers Query String Raw



# Attack against authentication

- Intercepting the connection between the server and the attacker's phone
- The victim's phone isn't involved in the attack at all
- Similar attacks successful in 6 out of 9 tested applications

# WowTalk

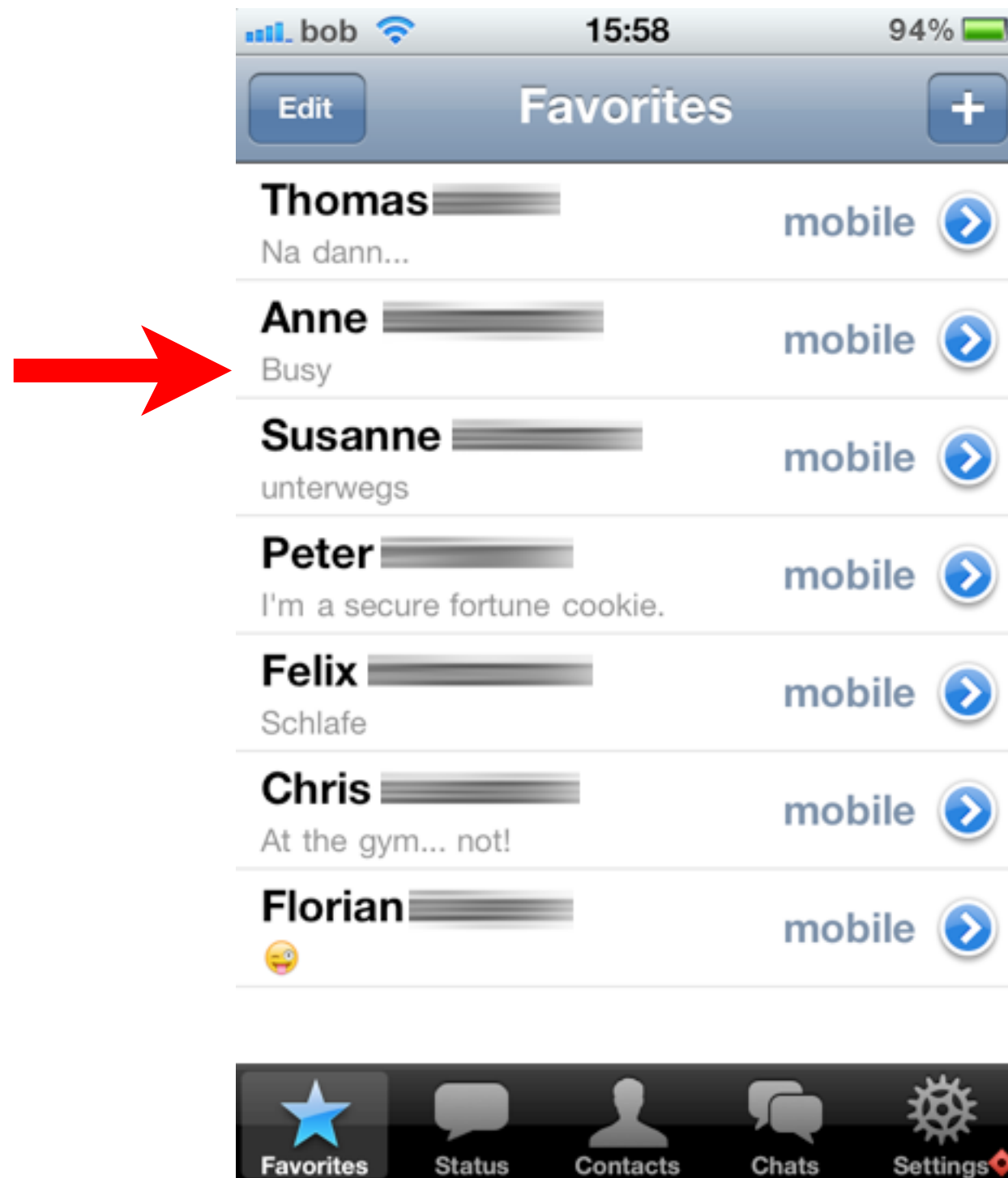


# Free SMS

- Authentication code in HTTPS request can be replaced with arbitrary text
- No server-side validation (command injection?)
- Forwarded to SMS proxy and sent via SMS
- Can be misused for sending free SMS



# Status Messages



Charles 3.5.2 - WhatsApp

Structure Sequence

- http://crt.tcs.terena.org
- https://s.whatsapp.net
  - client/
    - iphone/
      - smsproxy.php?to=
      - d.php?num=4369
      - smsproxy.php?to=
      - u.php**
    - tropo/
  - https://xmpp-reg.whatsapp.
  - https://sro.whatsapp.net

Overview Request Response Summary Chart Notes

cc	43
me	+43680
s	Sleeping

Headers Text Hex Form Raw

Recording Stopped Breakpoints

`https://s.whatsapp.net/client/iphone/u.php?  
cc=countrycode&me=phonenumber&s=statusmessage`

# User Enumeration

- Applications upload the user's address book to the server
- Server compares the contained phone numbers to already registered phone numbers
- Server returns a subset list containing only phone numbers that are registered
- Entire user base enumeration?

# Austria

- AI, Orange and T-Mobile
- Number ranges
  - +43664XXXXXXXX
  - +436991XXXXXXXX
  - +43676XXXXXXXX
- 30 million (possible) phone numbers
- WhatsApp returned a subset containing 182.793 (active) phone numbers



# Results

	Account Hijacking	Spoofing/ Manipulation	Unrequested SMS	Enumeration	Other Vulnerabilities
WhatsApp	yes	no	yes	yes	yes
Viber	no	no	yes	yes	no
eBuddy XMS	no	no	yes	yes	no
Tango	yes	no	yes	yes	no
Voypi	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
Forfone	no	yes	yes	yes	no
HeyTell	yes	no	no	limited	no
EasyTalk	yes	no	yes	yes	no
Wowtalk	yes	no	yes	yes	yes



# Responsible Disclosure

- Research between spring and fall 2011
- Vendors notified in November 2011
- Vulnerabilities weren't made public until NDSS
- WhatsApp fixed some vulnerabilities:
  - Account hijacking & free SMS
  - (Modifying status messages)



07.02.12, 20:00  
futurezone



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## TEST

# Schwere Sicherheitslücken in Messenger-Apps

Messenger-Apps wie WhatsApp können ein großes Sicherheitsrisiko für deren Benutzer darstellen. Forschern des SBA Research haben in einem Vergleichstest neun Apps untersucht und konnten nicht nur Accounts übernehmen, sondern auch SMS auf Kosten von WhatsApp verschicken.

Das Wiener Institut [SBA Research](#) hat in einem Vergleichstest massive Sicherheitslücken in aktuellen Messenger-Apps wie WhatsApp entdeckt. WhatsApp ist derzeit allein in Österreich auf über 180.000 Geräten installiert, wies aber im Test erhebliche Mängel auf. So konnten die Forscher nicht nur den Account übernehmen, sondern auch kostenlose SMS vom Server von WhatsApp verschicken. Dasselbe war

# Conclusions

- 6 out of 9 tested applications have broken authentication mechanisms
- Many other vulnerabilities
- All identified flaws stem from well-known software design and implementation errors
  - Trusting the client
  - No input validation
  - No/weak authentication mechanisms